

Analisi Matematica 1- Corso di Laurea in Fisica

ESERCIZI – Foglio 1

1. Risolvere le seguenti disequazioni:

(a) $x^3 + 8 < 0$;

(b) $\sqrt{x+8} < 12 - x$

(c) $\sqrt{x+1} \leq 5 - \sqrt{x+6}$

(d) $\frac{\sqrt{x - \sqrt{1-x}}}{1 - \sqrt{x}} < 1$

(e) $2^{x+1} > 4 \cdot 2^{-\sqrt{2|x|}}$

(f) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{(x-\sqrt{4-x^2})} \geq 1$

(g) $\cos x + \sin x \leq 0, \quad x \in [0, 2\pi)$

(h) $x - 1 + (3x - 1) \log x \leq 0$.

(i) $\frac{1}{2} < \sqrt{\frac{x-a}{x}} < 1, \quad \text{al variare del parametro } a \in \mathbb{R}$

2. Determinare **estremo superiore**, **estremo inferiore** e, qualora esistano, **massimo** e **minimo** dei seguenti sottoinsiemi di \mathbb{R} .

(a) $E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x = 3^n - \frac{1}{n^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$

(b) $E = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : -1 \leq x < 1\} \cup \{15\}$

(c) $E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x = \frac{2n^2 - 1}{n^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$

$$(d) E = \{z \in \mathbb{R} : z = xy, \quad x, y \in \mathbb{R}, \quad -2 \leq x \leq 1, \quad -1 \leq y < 0\}$$

$$(e) E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : \sin x > -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad x \in [-\pi, \pi) \right\}$$

$$(f) E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 6}}{x - 2} \leq 1 \right\}$$

$$(g) E = \{\alpha \in \mathbb{R} : \alpha = (x + 1)|2y - 3|, \quad -1 < x < 2, \quad 1 < y \leq 4\}$$

$$(h) E = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 0 < x < 3\} \cup \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x = 4 - \frac{1}{n^2}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

$$(i) E = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R} : x = \cos(\pi n) + \frac{2 + n}{n + 1}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$